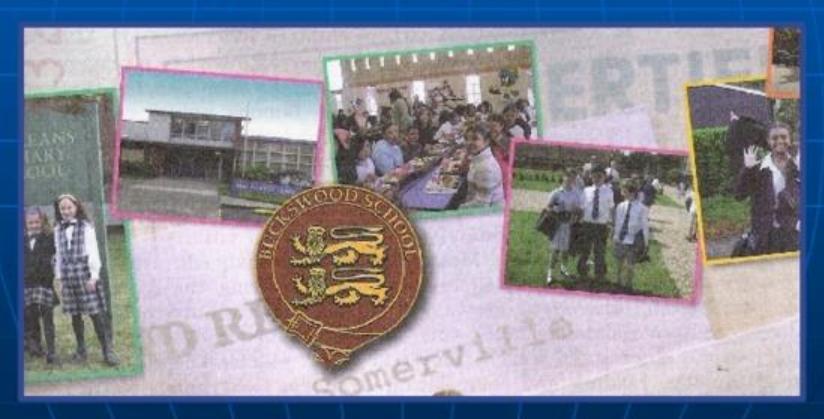
# TYPES OF SCHOOLS IN BRITAIN

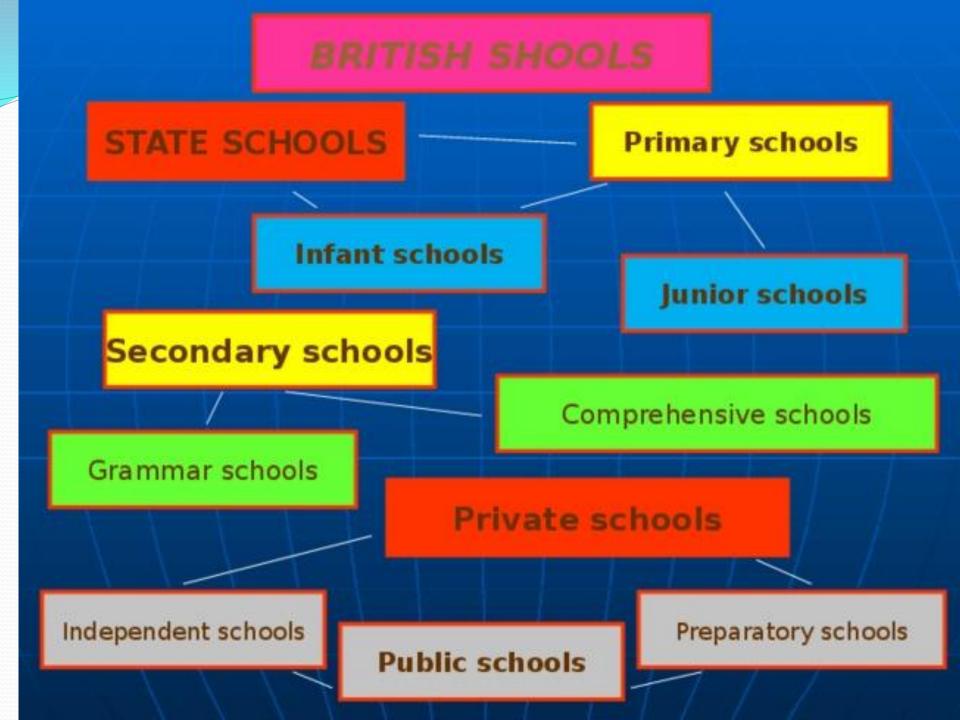
Done by:Kerimkul kyzy Ainagul

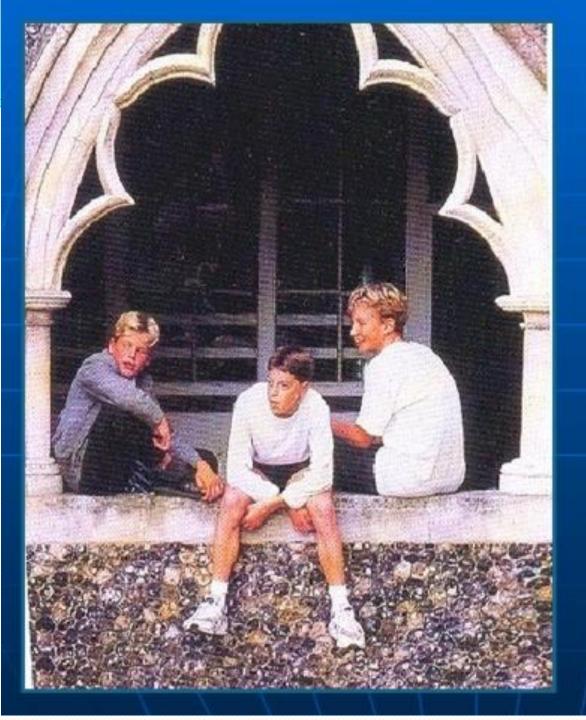
### New words.

- Elementary-[eliment(ə)ri]-элементарный, простой
- High-[haɪ]-высокий
- library-[laɪbrəri]-библиотека
- Private-[praivət]-частный
- Attend-[ ə`tend]-посещать, присутствовать
- Public-[`pлblіk]-общественный, государственный
- Uniform-[`ju`nıfɔ:m]-единый, форма
- Leave-[li:v]-уходить, уезжать
- Secondary-[`sek(ə)nd(ə)ri]-средний, второй
- compulsory-[kəm'pʌls(ə)ri]-обязательный

 In Great Britain education is compulsory for all children from 5 to 16 years of age.







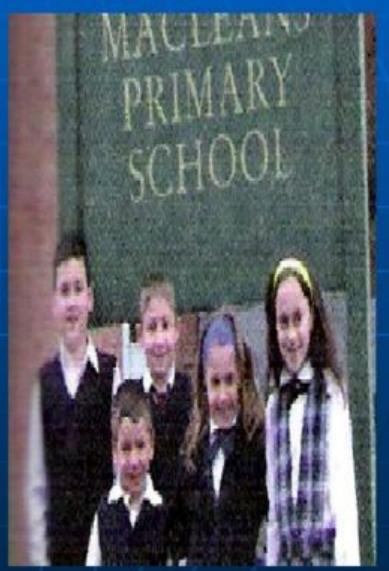
#### **STATE SCHOOLS**

- Primary school (Infant school and Junior school)
- Secondary school

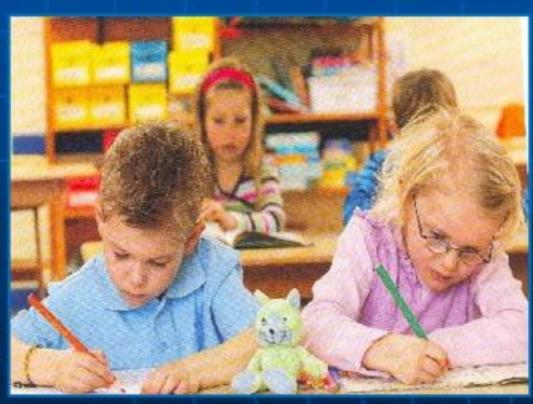
All state schools in Britain are free. 90% of state schools are co-educational. That means that boys and girls are taught together in the same class.

# Primary school

Primary schools are divided into infant and junior schools. The children attend the primary schools for 6 years.



#### **INFANT SCHOOLS**







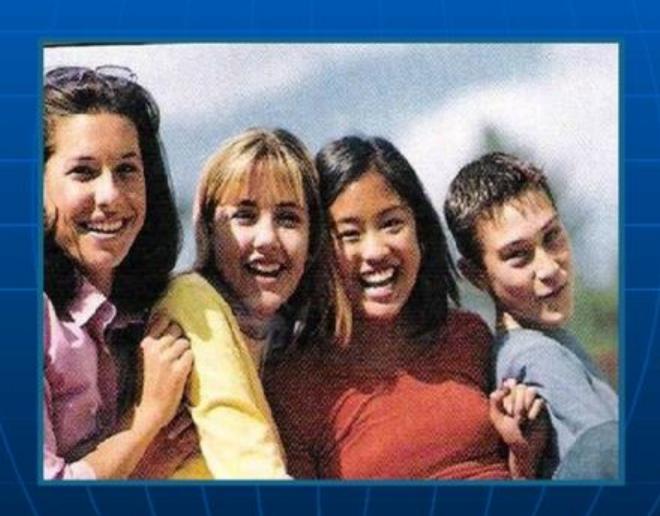
At the age of 5 children go to infant school, which is the first stage of primary education. There is no written timetable and classes are informal. Children read, draw and sing.

\* From 7 to 11 pupils attend junior schools, which is the second stage of primary education. Boys and girls have got many interesting schools subjects. They are History, English, Geography, Mathematics, Art, Music, Sport, Computing, Cooking.

When the pupils enter the junior schools, they have a special test. According to the results of the tests and their intellectual abilities they are divided into three groups.

Boys and girls study at junior schools for four years.

## SECONDARY SCHOOL

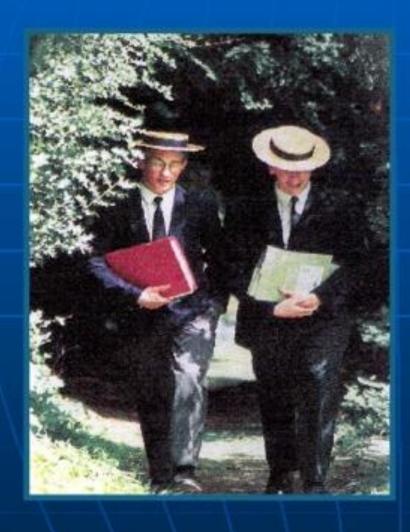


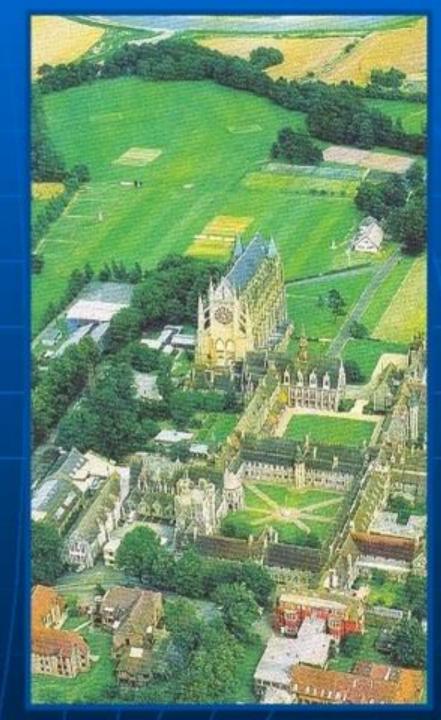
 At the age of 11 most pupils go to secondary schools. About 90% of children receive their secondary education at comprehensive schools. Comprehensive schools provide compulsory education for all pupils, there are no entrance exams there. About 6% of pupils go to grammar schools, which take students who pass the 11+ examination.



At the age of 16 students write an examination called GCSE(General Certificate of Secondary Education) and then they can leave school if they wish. This is the end of compulsory education. Some students continue their education at school and prepare for the national exam called "A"level (Advanced Level) at 18. They need "A"level to

#### PRIVATE SCHOOLS





- Some students go to private schools, where parents have to pay for their children's education. Private schools are very expensive and they are attended by about 7 % of children.
- Some private schools are very famous, such as Eton, Harrow, Rugby and Winchester.

# Thanks for your attention!!!